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CURRENT SERIAL RECORDS

FALL WATER SUPPLY SUMMARY FOR NEVADA

and
FEDERAL - STATE - PRIVATE COOPERATIVE SNOW SURVEYS
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT of AGRICULTURE---SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE,
and
NEVADA DEPARTMENT of CONSERVATION and NATURAL RESOURCES
DIVISION of WATER RESOURCES

Data included in this report were obtained by the agencies named above
in cooperation with Federal, State and private organizations listed on
the last page of this report.

AS OF
OCT. 1, 1968

TO RECIPIENTS OF WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK REPORTS:

Most of the usable water in western states originates as mountain snowfall. This snowfall accumulates during the winter and spring, several months before the snow melts and appears as streamflow. Since the runoff from precipitation as snow is delayed, estimates of snowmelt runoff can be made well in advance of its occurrence. Streamflow forecasts published in this report are based principally on measurement of the water equivalent of the mountain snowpack.

Forecasts become more accurate as more of the data affecting runoff are measured. All forecasts assume that climatic factors during the remainder of the snow accumulation and melt season as they affect runoff will add to be an effective average. Early season forecasts are therefore subject to a greater change than those made on later dates.

The snow course measurement is obtained by sampling snow depth and water equivalent at surveyed and marked locations in mountain areas. A total of about ten samples are taken at each location. The average of these are reported as snow depth and water equivalent. These measurements are repeated in the same location near the same dates each year.

Snow surveys are made monthly or semi-monthly from January 1 through June 1 in most states. There are about 1400 snow courses in Western United States and in the Columbia Basin in British Columbia. In the near future, it is anticipated that automatic snow water equivalent sensing devices along with radio telemetry will provide a continuous record of snow water equivalent at key locations.

Detailed data on snow course and soil moisture measurements are presented in state and local reports. Other data on reservoir storage, summaries of precipitation, current streamflow, and soil moisture conditions at valley elevations are also included. The report for Western United States presents a broad picture of water supply outlook conditions, including selected streamflow forecasts, summary of snow accumulation to date, and storage in larger reservoirs.

Snow survey and soil moisture data for the period of record are published by the Soil Conservation Service by states about every five years. Data for the current year is summarized in a West-wide basic data summary and published about October 1 of each year.

PUBLISHED BY SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

D. A. WILLIAMS, Administrator

The Soil Conservation Service publishes reports following the principal snow survey dates from January 1 through June 1 in cooperation with state water administrators, agricultural experiment stations and others. Copies of the reports for Western United States and all state reports may be obtained from Soil Conservation Service, Western Regional Technical Service Center, Room 507, 701 N. W. Glisan, Portland, Oregon 97209.

Copies of state and local reports may also be obtained from state offices of the Soil Conservation Service in the following states:

STATE	ADDRESS
Alaska	P. O. Box "F", Palmer, Alaska 99645
Arizona	6029 Federal Building, Phoenix, Arizona 85205
Colorado (N. Mex.)	12417 Federal Building, Denver, Colorado 80202
Idaho	P. O. Box 38, Boise, Idaho 83707
Montana	P. O. Box 98, Bozeman, Montana 59715
Nevada	P. O. Box 4850, Reno Nevada 89505
Oregon	1218 S. W. Washington St., Portland, Oregon 97205
Utah	4012 Federal Building, Salt Lake City, Utah 84111
Washington	360 Federal Office Building, Spokane, Washington 99201
Wyoming	P. O. Box 340, Casper, Wyoming 82602

PUBLISHED BY OTHER AGENCIES

Water Supply Outlook reports prepared by other agencies include a report for California by the Water Supply Forecast and Snow Surveys Unit, California Department of Water Resources, P. O. Box 388, Sacramento, California 95802 --- and for British Columbia by the Department of Lands, Forests and Water Resources, Water Resources Service, Parliament Building, Victoria, British Columbia



WATER SUPPLY OUTLOOK FOR NEVADA

and
FEDERAL - STATE - PRIVATE COOPERATIVE SNOW SURVEYS

Issued by

D.A. WILLIAMS

ADMINISTRATOR
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE
WASHINGTON, D.C.



Released by

CHARLES W. CLEARY, JR.

STATE CONSERVATIONIST
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE
RENO, NEVADA

In Cooperation with

ELMO J. DE RICCO

DIRECTOR
DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION AND
NATURAL RESOURCES
CARSON CITY, NEVADA



Report prepared by

BOB L. WHALEY, Snow Survey Supervisor

and

ROY E. MALSOR, JR., Assistant Snow Survey Supervisor

SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE
P. O. BOX 4850
RENO, NEVADA

FALL WATER SUPPLY SUMMARY

FOR NEVADA

October 1, 1968

As forecast, extremely low streamflow has been experienced throughout the state this past season. Water users depending on natural flow had a very poor year. In most areas of the state, the streams peaked two to three weeks earlier than normal, and the flows likewise fell off much earlier than usual. Water users served from reservoirs have had a fairly adequate water supply, due to last year's good reservoir carryover. The heavy reservoir usage to augment the low streamflow has left below-average amounts of water in storage in most of the reservoirs throughout the state.

Streamflow in the state ranged from a low of 9 to 19 percent on the Owyhee up to 73 percent on the Upper Carson River. The Humboldt River flowed less than 50 percent of average for the season. Above-normal June precipitation on the Humboldt added materially to the runoff this year. Had this area not received the welcome precipitation during June, the streams would have produced only one-fourth of the normal output.

The Walker and Carson River forecasts issued in April and May were very close to the actual flow obtained this year, while on the Tahoe-Truckee Basin, amounts less than the forecasts were received.

All in all, the forecasts issued last April provided, in advance, a sound basis for crop planning and water management.

Fall soil moisture surveys indicate that the mountain soils on the east slope of the Sierras are extremely dry. Soils in the Humboldt and Owyhee Basins are near average, however. This dry condition, coupled with the depleted reservoir storage, indicates the need for a normal or above-normal snowpack this coming winter season in order to insure an adequate water supply next season.

APRIL-JULY 1968
NEVADA STREAMFLOW FORECASTS
and
OBSERVED STREAMFLOW

The following table contains April-July forecasts made during the past winter, except as otherwise noted. Observed streamflow amounts are provisional and were furnished by the U. S. Geological Survey and other agencies.

FORECAST STREAMS	April-July Streamflow, Thousand Acre-Feet							
	Forecast				Observed		Observed	
	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May*	Apr-July	15-Yr.	1968	15-Yr.
	1	1	1	1				
	1968	1968	1968	1968	1968	1948-62	as %	Av.
Owyhee near Gold Creek, Nevada ¹	10	8	5	3 (2)	2	22		9
Owyhee near Owyhee, Nevada ¹	34	32	18	10 (11)	14	74		19
Lamoille Creek near Lamoille, Nevada		17	15	16 (20)	27	26		104
S. Fork Humboldt near Elko, Nevada		30	22	28 (38)	41	60		68
Marys River above Hot Springs Nevada		20	14	10 (10)	13	34		38
N. Fork Humboldt at Devils Gate, Nevada		13	8	6 (3)	4	34		12
Humboldt at Palisade, Nevada	90	75	45	35 (69)	81	173		47
Humboldt at Comus, Nevada		51	30	24 (43)	54	127		42
Martin Creek near Paradise, Nevada		7	5	3 (3)	5	17		29
E. Walker near Bridgeport, California ²		40	34	18 (21)	23	57		40
W. Walker below E. Fork near Coleville, California	119	110	90	75 (77)	96	140		69
E. Carson near Gardnerville, Nevada		140	120	83 (92)	120	179		67
E. Carson near Gardnerville, Nevada (date of 200 c.f.s. flow)		7/12	7/6	6/30	7/3	7/20		
W. Carson at Woodfords, California		40	35	22 (25)	38	52		73
Carson near Carson City, Nevada		120	90	62 (68)	90	169		53
Carson at Ft. Churchill, Nevada		100	75	55 (57)	75	155		48
Little Truckee above Boca, California ³		82	68	35 (24)	44	78		56
Truckee at Farad, California ^{3,4}		242	200	120 (76)	155	269		58
Lake Tahoe ^{3,5}		1.10	1.00	0.70 (0.49)	0.61	1.47		41

1. Corrected for storage in Wild Horse Reservoir.
 2. For period April through August corrected for storage in Bridgeport Reservoir.
 3. Forecast issued by Truckee Basin Water Committee, which is composed of Truckee-Carson Irrigation District, Sierra Pacific Power Company, and Washoe County Conservation District.
 4. Exclusive of Tahoe and corrected for storage in Boca and Prosser Reservoirs.
 5. Maximum rise, in feet, from April 1, assuming gates closed.
- * May 1-July 31, 1968, forecast; figures in parentheses provisional observed streamflow.

NEVADA
STATUS OF RESERVOIR STORAGE
OCTOBER 1, 1968

BASIN AND STREAM	RESERVOIR	USABLE CAPACITY (1000 AF)	USABLE STORAGE - 1000 ACRE-FEET			
			1968	1967	1966	15-YR. AVG. 1948-62
Owyhee	Wild Horse	33	0 *	4	1	12
Lower Humboldt	Rye Patch	179	17	57	80	49
Colorado	Mohave	1,810	1,393	1,402	1,387	1,152 **
Colorado	Mead	27,217	15,018	14,375	15,004	19,307
Tahoe	Tahoe	732	514	606	406	391
Truckee	Boca	41	13	26	2	13
Truckee	Prosser	29 ***	12	19	9	Storage began 1/30/63
Carson	Lahontan	286	90	202	57	80
West Walker	Topaz	59	8	41	6	14
East Walker	Bridgeport	42	7	29	6	12

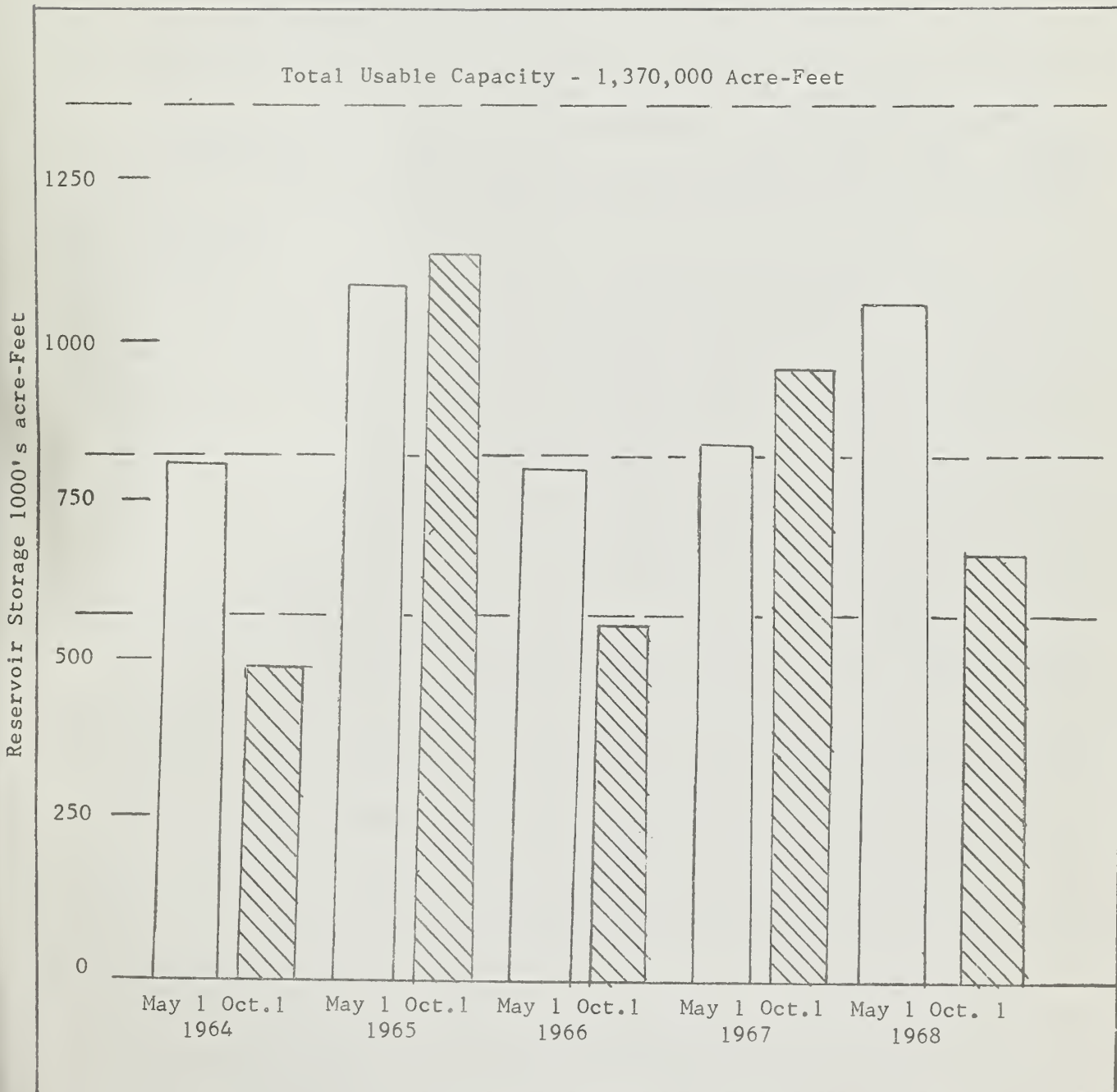
* Reservoir drained during summer for construction.

** 1951-62

*** Flood control use allocation of 20,000 acre-feet between November 1 and April 10.

NEVADA RESERVOIR STORAGE
1964-1968

Based on Wild Horse, Rye Patch, Tahoe,
Boca, Lahontan, Topaz, and Bridgeport Reservoir Storage Data



NEVADA
SOIL MOISTURE

OCTOBER 1, 1968

STATION		PROFILE (Inches)		SOIL MOISTURE (Inches)			
Name	Elevation	DEPTH	CAPACITY	DATE	THIS YEAR	LAST YEAR	2 YEARS AGO
<u>East Slope Sierra</u>							
Hagans Meadow	8000	36	3.65	9/16	0.0	0.4	0.0
Independence Camp	7000	34	6.10	9/6	3.4	3.1	4.4
Marlette Lake	8000	50	3.70	9/5	0.6	1.2	0.5
Sonora Pass	8800	48	8.30		NS	7.4	6.8
Truckee #2	6400	18	3.65	9/16	0.0	0.6	1.5
Ward Creek	7000	49	5.80	9/6	0.6	1.1	---
<u>Humboldt Basin</u>							
Rodeo Flat	6800	42	11.0	8/29	10.5	9.9	10.1
<u>Owyhee Basin</u>							
Big Bend	6700	48	16.70	8/29	15.8	15.0	15.0
Lower Jack Creek	6800	48	8.70	9/20	7.8	7.3	---
Taylor Canyon	6200	48	15.10	8/29	12.6	11.3	10.6
NS Not Surveyed							

Agencies Cooperating in Collecting Data Contained in this Bulletin

FEDERAL

- Agricultural Research Service
- Army
- Bureau of Reclamation
- Fish and Wildlife Service
- Forest Service
- Geological Survey
- Navy
- Soil Conservation Service
- U.S. District Court - Federal Water Master
- Weather Bureau

STATE

- California Cooperative Snow Surveys
- California Department of Parks and Recreation
- California Department of Water Resources
- Colorado River Commission of Nevada
- Idaho Cooperative Snow Surveys
- Nevada Association of Soil Conservation Districts
- Nevada Cooperative Snow Surveys
- Nevada Department of Conservation & Natural Resources
 - Division of Water Resources
 - Nevada State Forester-Firewarden
- Oregon Cooperative Snow Surveys
- University of Nevada
- Utah Cooperative Snow Surveys
- White Mountain Research Station, Univ. of California

PRIVATE

- Amalgamated Sugar Company
- Kennecott Copper Corporation
- Nevada Irrigation District
- Owyhee Project North Board of Control
- Owyhee Project South Board of Control
- Pacific Gas & Electric Company
- Pershing County Water Conservation District
- Sierra Pacific Power Company
- Squaw Valley Development Company
- Truckee-Carson Irrigation District
- Walker River Irrigation District
- Washoe County Water Conservation District

Other organizations and individuals furnish valuable information for the snow survey reports. Their Cooperation is gratefully acknowledged.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE
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with the Snow Survey"*